




Your Trip to the Salisbury Zoo!

# Map of the zoo

**KEY:**

 Crowds

 Quiet Zone

 Loud Noise Zone

 Visual Zone

 Strong Scent Zone







# Rules of the Zoo

## 1. Walk at all times.

- ▶ We know the zoo is filled with fun things to do, but for your safety and others, please walk through the zoo.

## 2. Please respect the animals.

- ▶ Be nice to the animals and the exhibits. This is their home!

## 3. Throw away all trash.

- ▶ We try very hard to keep the zoo clean for the animals and our visitors.

## 4. Do not tap on the glass exhibits.

- ▶ This can be scary for the animals, please try not to tap!

## 5. Please do not feed or touch the animals.

- ▶ There are some exhibits with food stations for the animals but please do not feed them any other foods.

## 6. Respect the staff members and other guests.

# Download Our App!

- Salisbury Zoo has a mobile app for Android and iPhone users!
- The app is very fun and easy to use. It gives people a chance to learn more about some of the animals that we have here at the zoo.
- Throughout the zoo, there are bar codes you can scan near some of the exhibits and the app will bring up information about that animal!
- And the best part is, it's completely FREE!
- Just type in Salisbury Zoo in the App Store or GooglePlay Store to download



# Explanation of some of the zones in the zoo that can be overwhelming

- ▶ Strong Scent Zones:
  - ▶ Areas that have scents that can be displeasing to children who have a hypersensitive sense of smell
- ▶ Quiet Zones:
  - ▶ An area where a child with hypersensitivity to auditory stimulation can distress
- ▶ Loud Noise Zones:
  - ▶ Parts of the zoo that tend to have moderate to extreme levels of sound that can be intolerable to those with sensitive hearing
- ▶ Visual Zones:
  - ▶ Highlights areas that have unusually bright, dark, or flashing light that can trigger certain individuals
- ▶ Conversation Zones:
  - ▶ used to initiate conversation between children and their parents and peers
- ▶ Crowds and Waiting
  - ▶ Areas that can become crowded and may require a wait

**Exhibits in the zoo that can be overwhelming include:**

**Flamingo Exhibit:**

- Crowded
- Lots of waiting
- Noisy section

**Parrot Exhibit**

- Noisy Section
- Crowded

**Bear Exhibit**

- Crowded

**Alpaca Exhibit**

- Smelly Zone

**Bison Exhibit**


- Smelly Zone
- Crowded

**Kookaburra Exhibit**

- Noisy Section

**Red Wolf Exhibit,  
Sloth Exhibit:**

- Visual Zones



**Need to take a  
break? Try  
stopping at  
one of these  
zones!**

### Quiet Zones:

- Bald Eagle exhibit
- Reptile Section
  - Benches available
- Bridge Overlooking the water
- Wolf exhibit
  - Shaded area
  - Benches available

### Conversation Zones:

- East Exit
- Ocelot exhibit





# North American Bison Exhibit

- The North American Bison are one of the zoo's biggest animals. They are usually 6ft tall and about 11ft long.
- These animals can weigh up to 2000 pounds. They are the heaviest animal on the western hemisphere!
- The large humps on their backs are used to hold up their heavy heads which are used to clear snow while they walk.
- Although these animals are large and smelly, they have a hard time seeing, so do not be surprised if they aren't looking in your direction

## ➤ Fun Facts:

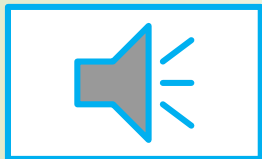
1. Bison are often mistaken for Buffalo because of how similar they look.
2. These animals can run up to 30mph even though they are so big.





# Laughing Kookaburra

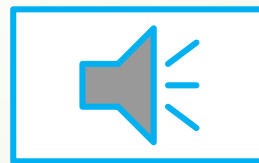
- Yes, that is its real name! The Kookaburra is famous for its vibrant call which sounds like an obnoxious laugh
- These birds are from Australia but can be found in Tasmania and New Zealand
- These birds are known to snatch food right out of people's hands, so be careful with food while you're near this exhibit!





# FLAMINGOS

- The flamingos are one of our most elegant creatures here at the Salisbury Zoo.
- These birds are bright and colorful with their pink feathers and long pink legs
- How many flamingos can you find that are only standing on one leg?





# Alpaca

- Alpacas are a member of the camel family and are originally from South America.
- Their diet usually includes hay and grasses, so they don't need much around them to survive.
- Fun fact: A baby alpaca is called a "cria". A female is called a "hembra" and a male is called a "macho"
- These mammals can be grumpy sometimes, so be careful not to get too close to them or they could spit on you!
- These animals also tend to be very smelly so be aware of the stench you might walk into while visiting their exhibit!





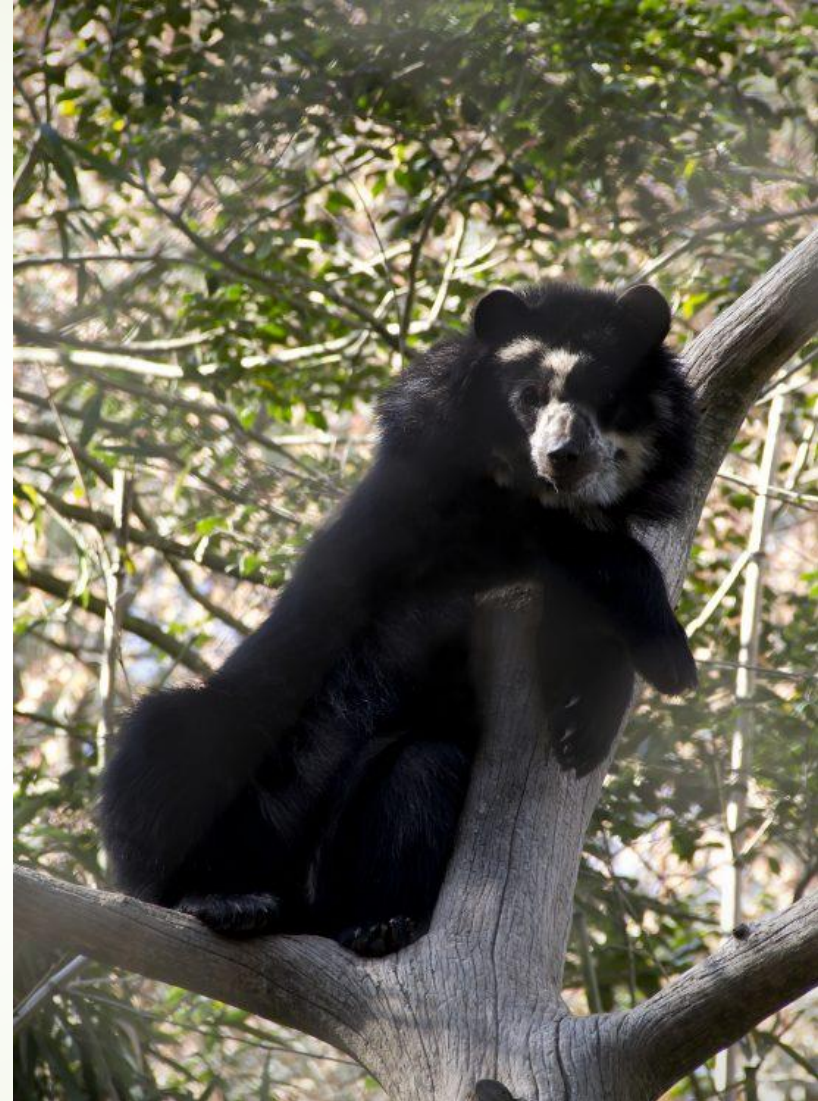
# Red Wolf Exhibit

- Red wolves once lived in swamps and forests throughout the southeastern United States. But today, wild red wolves are found only in eastern North Carolina at the Alligator Rover National Wildlife Refuge
- They have a reddish-brown coat with tall and pointed ears and long legs with big feet.
- Their diet usually includes rabbits, raccoons, nutria, and deer
- Fun fact: red wolves live in packs, usually made up of one breeding pair and their offspring.
- The red wolf exhibit can be seen through a darker enclosed shelter where it is easier to spot them, flashlights might be needed!
- They like to hide on the sides of the fences and in the corners so it might be hard to see them at times! But don't worry, they're in there.



# Andean Bear

- Andean bears usually live in the mountainous regions of western Venezuela, Columbia, Ecuador, Peru, and western Bolivia.
- The Andean bear is also known as the spectacled bear, because of light coloration around the eyes which resembles spectacles, or glasses.
- These bears are endangered! There are only about 10,000 left in the wild.
- He might come up to the window so don't be scared! He's just saying hi!



Can be  
crowded